

**ORIGINAL** 

The Business Communications Industry Advocate

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**PRESIDENT & CEO** 

Alan R. Shark, CAE

November 19, 1999

**GENERAL COUNSEL** 

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> Magalie R. Salas, Secretary Federal Communications Commission 445 Twelfth Street, SW, Room TW-A 325 Washington, DC 20554

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PEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Re:

Notice of oral and written ex parte communication Service Rules for the 746-764 and 776-794 MHz Bands (WT Docket No. 99-168)

To the Secretary:

On November 18, 1999, the American Mobile Telecommunications Association, Inc. ("AMTA"," the Association") made an oral ex parte communication concerning the above-referenced proceeding to Jim Schlichting and Kathleen O'Brien Ham, deputy chiefs of the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau; Policy Division Chief Kris Monteith; and Gary Michaels of the Auctions and Industry Analysis Division. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss AMTA's position in the above-referenced proceeding. To aid in the discussion, AMTA distributed a list of points – the list is attached to this *Notice*.

The Association recommends that the FCC allot 6 MHz, paired (12 MHz total), of the commercial spectrum in the 746-806 MHz band to non-consumer wireless services. By restricting provision of service to Part 90 eligibles, the Commission can ensure that additional spectrum is devoted to serving private wireless users, while meeting the "commercial" designation of this spectrum imposed by statute. However, the Association stressed that the specialized wireless industry is not likely to participate in an auction of such spectrum unless geographic areas are reasonably small.

The Association does not suggest limitations on the eligibility of bidders in an auction of PMRS spectrum. It also believes that a Band Manager allocation would be compatible with its proposal. However, AMTA members have indicated a preference for flexibility in Band Manager rules, to allow either construction and

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operation of a system, sub-leasing to private wireless entities, or a combination of both to meet specialized needs.

Further details of AMTA's proposal are included in the attached list of discussion points. Pursuant to Section 1.1206(b) of the Commission's Rules and Regulations, 47 C.F.R. § 1206(b), an original and one copy of this Notice are provided.

Respectfully submitted,

Jill M. Lyon

Senior Vice President for Regulatory Relations

& Deputy General Counsel

## **Enclosure**

cc: (without enclosure)

Jim Schlichting, Deputy Chief

Kathleen O'Brien Ham, Deputy Chief

Kris Monteith, Division Chief

Mr. Gary Michaels





## Service Rules for the 746-764 and 776-794 MHz Rands (WT Docket No. 99-168) Discussion Points Discussion Points Discussion Points

- 1. AMTA advocates in this proceeding an allocation of 6 megahertz, paired (12 megahertz total) from the referenced spectrum bands for non-consumer wireless services. The Association asserts that such an allocation will meet the FCC's desire to provide more spectrum for private wireless use while retaining the "commercial" designation imposed by Congress.
- 2. Specialized commercial wireless systems traditionally provide service to Part 90 eligibles, the private users that the FCC wishes to accommodate. The industry suffers from a shortage of spectrum that could be alleviated with the recommended allocation.
- 3. AMTA's members support a restriction on service in the resulting band to Part 90 eligibles, and are not opposed to a restriction against interconnection of licensed systems with the public switched network to retain PMRS regulatory status.
- 4. To increase the number of parties interested in bidding on such an allocation, AMTA recommends licenses with small amounts of spectrum: a combination of 1 MHz, paired (2 MHz total) and .5 MHz, paired (1 MHz total), each, to be awarded on an EA basis. The small commercial systems that have proven highly effective at serving the needs of the private wireless community prefer smaller licenses to enable realistic business plans; this amount of spectrum will still allow them to select from a broad range of technical and operational options.
- 5. The Association also supports the FCC's Band Manager concept as believed to be developing. AMTA members would be interested in bidding for Band Manager licenses if the allocations incorporated a reasonable geographic area, such as EAs, but would not find realistic business opportunities in a regional or nationwide license and would not likely participate in such an auction.
- 6. AMTA's members have indicated their interest in maximum flexibility for Band Manager licensees: to "sub-lease" spectrum to private wireless eligibles, to construct and operate systems of their own, or both.

7. AMTA does not oppose Motorola's proposed allocation in four bands between CMRS and Public Safety allocations; however, the Association agrees with Motorola that significant portions of these guard bands would be of limited use due to interference from CMRS emissions. Thus, AMTA continues to recommend a larger allocation of 6 MHz, paired, rather than Motorola's recommendation of 3 MHz, paired, for PMRS systems.

AMTA thanks the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau for the opportunity to discuss its position, and will be happy to discuss these issues further with the Bureau and the Commission as a whole.